

BCF Planning Template 2023-25

1. Guidance

Overview

Note on entering information into this template

Throughout the template, cells which are open for input have a yellow background and those that are pre-populated have a blue background, as below:

Data needs inputting in the cell

Pre-populated cells

2. Cover

1. The cover sheet provides essential information on the area for which the template is being completed, contacts and sign off.
2. Question completion tracks the number of questions that have been completed; when all the questions in each section of the template have been completed the cell will turn green. Only when all cells are green should the template be sent to the Better Care Fund Team: england.bettercarefundteam@nhs.net (please also copy in your Better Care Manager).
3. The checklist helps identify the sheets that have not been completed. All fields that appear highlighted in red with the word 'no', should be completed before sending to the Better Care Fund Team.
4. The checker column, which can be found on each individual sheet, updates automatically as questions are completed. It will appear 'Red' and contain the word 'No' if the information has not been completed. Once completed the checker column will change to 'Green' and contain the word 'Yes'.

5. The 'sheet completed' cell will update when all 'checker' values for the sheet are green containing the word 'Yes'.

6. Once the checker column contains all cells marked 'Yes' the 'Incomplete Template' cell (below the title) will change to 'Template Complete'.

7. Please ensure that all boxes on the checklist are green before submission.

8. Sign off - HWB sign off will be subject to your own governance arrangements which may include delegated authority.

4. Capacity and Demand

Please see the guidance on the Capacity&Demand tab for further information on how to complete this section.

5. Income

1. This sheet should be used to specify all funding contributions to the Health and Wellbeing Board's (HWB) Better Care Fund (BCF) plan and pooled budget for 2023-25. It will be pre-populated with the minimum NHS contributions to the BCF, iBCF grant allocations and allocations of ASC Discharge Fund grant to local authorities for 2023-24. The iBCF grant in 2024-25 is expected to remain at the same value nationally as in 2023-24, but local allocations are not published. You should enter the 2023-24 value into the income field for the iBCF in 2024-25 and agree provisional plans for its use as part of your BCF plan

2. The grant determination for the Disabled Facilities Grant (DFG) for 2023-24 will be issued in May. Allocations have not been published so are not pre populated in the template. You will need to manually enter these allocations. Further advice will be provided by the BCF Team.

3. Areas will need to input the amount of ASC Discharge Fund paid to ICBs that will be allocated to the HWB's BCF pool. These will be checked against a separate ICB return to ensure they reconcile. Allocations of the ASC discharge funding grant to local authority will need to be inputted manually for Year 2 as allocations at local level are not confirmed. Areas should input an expected allocation based on the published national allocation (£500m in 2024-25, increased from £300m in 2023-24) and agree provisional plans for 2024-25 based on this.

4. Please select whether any additional contributions to the BCF pool are being made from local authorities or ICBs and enter the amounts in the fields highlighted in 'yellow'. These will appear as funding sources in sheet 5a when you planning expenditure.

5. Please use the comment boxes alongside to add any specific detail around this additional contribution.

6. If you are pooling any funding carried over from 2022-23 (i.e. **underspends from BCF mandatory contributions**) you should show these as additional contributions, but on a separate line to any other additional contributions. Use the comments field to identify that these are underspends that have been rolled forward. All allocations are rounded to the nearest pound.

7. Allocations of the NHS minimum contribution are shown as allocations from each ICB to the HWB area in question. Where more than one ICB contributes to the area's BCF plan, the minimum contribution from each ICB to the local BCF plan will be displayed.

8. For any questions regarding the BCF funding allocations, please contact england.bettercarefundteam@nhs.net (please also copy in your Better Care Manager).

6. Expenditure

This sheet should be used to set out the detail of schemes that are funded via the BCF plan for the HWB, including amounts, units, type of activity and funding source. This information is then aggregated and used to analyse the BCF plans nationally and sets the basis for future reporting.

The information in the sheet is also used to calculate total contributions under National Condition 4 and is used by assurers to ensure that these are met.

The table is set out to capture a range of information about how schemes are being funded and the types of services they are providing. There may be scenarios when several lines need to be completed in order to fully describe a single scheme or where a scheme is funded by multiple funding streams (eg: iBCF and NHS minimum). In this case please use a consistent scheme ID for each line to ensure integrity of aggregating and analysing schemes.

On this sheet please enter the following information:

1. Scheme ID:

- This field only permits numbers. Please enter a number to represent the Scheme ID for the scheme being entered. Please enter the same Scheme ID in this column for any schemes that are described across multiple rows.

2. Scheme Name:

- This is a free text field to aid identification during the planning process. Please use the scheme name consistently if the scheme is described across multiple lines in line with the scheme ID described above.

3. Brief Description of Scheme

- This is a free text field to include a brief headline description of the scheme being planned. The information in this field assists assurers in understanding how funding in the local BCF plan is supporting the objectives of the fund nationally and aims in your local plan.

4. Scheme Type and Sub Type:

- Please select the Scheme Type from the drop-down list that best represents the type of scheme being planned. A description of each scheme is available in tab 6b.

- Where the Scheme Types has further options to choose from, the Sub Type column alongside will be editable and turn "yellow". Please select the Sub Type from the drop down list that best describes the scheme being planned.

- Please note that the drop down list has a scroll bar to scroll through the list and all the options may not appear in one view.

- If the scheme is not adequately described by the available options, please choose 'Other' and add a free description for the scheme type in the column alongside. Please try to use pre-populated scheme types and sub types where possible, as this data is important in assurance and to our understanding of how BCF funding is being used nationally.

- The template includes a field that will inform you when more than 5% of mandatory spend is classed as other.

5. Expected outputs

- You will need to set out the expected number of outputs you expect to be delivered in 2023-24 and 2024-25 for some scheme types. If you select a relevant scheme type, the 'expected outputs' column will unlock and the unit column will pre populate with the unit for that scheme type.

- You will not be able to change the unit and should use an estimate where necessary. The outputs field will only accept numeric characters.

- A table showing the scheme types that require an estimate of outputs and the units that will prepopulate can be found in tab 6b. Expenditure Guidance.

You do not need to fill out these columns for certain scheme types. Where this is the case, the cells will turn blue and the column will remain empty.

6. Area of Spend:

- Please select the area of spend from the drop-down list by considering the area of the health and social care system which is most supported by investing in the scheme.

- Please note that where 'Social Care' is selected and the source of funding is "NHS minimum" then the planned spend would count towards eligible expenditure on social care under National Condition 4.

- If the scheme is not adequately described by the available options, please choose 'Other' and add a free field description for the scheme type in the column alongside.

- We encourage areas to try to use the standard scheme types where possible.

7. Commissioner:

- Identify the commissioning body for the scheme based on who is responsible for commissioning the scheme from the provider.

- Please note this field is utilised in the calculations for meeting National Condition 3. Any spend that is from the funding source 'NHS minimum contribution', is commissioned by the ICB, and where the spend area is not 'acute care', will contribute to the total spend on NHS commissioned out of hospital services under National Condition 4. This will include expenditure that is ICB commissioned and classed as 'social care'.

- If the scheme is commissioned jointly, please select 'Joint'. Please estimate the proportion of the scheme being commissioned by the local authority and NHS and enter the respective percentages on the two columns.

8. Provider:

- Please select the type of provider commissioned to provide the scheme from the drop-down list.

- If the scheme is being provided by multiple providers, please split the scheme across multiple lines.

9. Source of Funding:

- Based on the funding sources for the BCF pool for the HWB, please select the source of funding for the scheme from the drop down list. This includes additional, voluntarily pooled contributions from either the ICB or Local authority

- If a scheme is funded from multiple sources of funding, please split the scheme across multiple lines, reflecting the financial contribution from each.

10. Expenditure (£) 2023-24 & 2024-25:

- Please enter the planned spend for the scheme (or the scheme line, if the scheme is expressed across multiple lines)

11. New/Existing Scheme

- Please indicate whether the planned scheme is a new scheme for this year or an existing scheme being carried forward.

12. Percentage of overall spend. This new requirement asks for the percentage of overall spend in the HWB on that scheme type. This is a new collection for 2023-25. This information will help better identify and articulate the contribution of BCF funding to delivering capacity.

You should estimate the overall spend on the activity type in question across the system (both local authority and ICB commissioned where both organisations commission this type of service). Where the total spend in the system is not clear, you should include an estimate. The figure will not be subject to assurance. This estimate should be based on expected spend in that category in the BCF over both years of the programme divided by both years total spend in that same category in the system.

7. Metrics

This sheet should be used to set out the HWB's ambitions (i.e. numerical trajectories) and performance plans for each of the BCF metrics in 2023-25. The BCF policy requires trajectories and plans agreed for the fund's metrics. Systems should review current performance and set realistic, but stretching ambitions for 2023-24.

A data pack showing more up to date breakdowns of data for the discharge to usual place of residence and unplanned admissions for ambulatory care sensitive conditions is available on the Better Care Exchange.

For each metric, areas should include narratives that describe:

- a rationale for the ambition set, based on current and recent data, planned activity and expected demand
- the local plan for improving performance on this metric and meeting the ambitions through the year. This should include changes to commissioned services, joint working and how BCF funded services will support this.

1. Unplanned admissions for chronic ambulatory care sensitive conditions:

- This section requires the area to input indirectly standardised rate (ISR) of admissions per 100,000 population by quarter in 2023-24. This will be based on NHS Outcomes Framework indicator 2.3i but using latest available population data.
- The indicator value is calculated using the indirectly standardised rate of admission per 100,000, standardised by age and gender to the national figures in reference year 2011. This is calculated by working out the SAR (observed admission/expected admissions*100) and multiplying by the crude rate for the reference year. The expected value is the observed rate during the reference year multiplied by the population of the breakdown of the year in question.
- The population data used is the latest available at the time of writing (2021)
- Actual performance for each quarter of 2022-23 are pre-populated in the template and will display once the local authority has been selected in the drop down box on the Cover sheet.
- Please use the ISR Tool published on the BCX where you can input your assumptions and simply copy the output ISR:
<https://future.nhs.uk/bettercareexchange/view?objectId=143133861>
- Technical definitions for the guidance can be found here:
<https://digital.nhs.uk/data-and-information/publications/statistical/nhs-outcomes-framework/march-2022/domain-2---enhancing-quality-of-life-for-people-with-long-term-conditions-nof/2.3.i-unplanned-hospitalisation-for-chronic-ambulatory-care-sensitive-conditions>

2. Falls

- This is a new metric for the BCF and areas should agree ambitions for reducing the rate of emergency admissions to hospital for people aged 65 or over following a fall.
 - This is a measure in the Public Health Outcome Framework.
 - This requires input for an Indicator value which is directly age standardised rate per 100,000. Emergency hospital admissions due to falls in people aged 65 and over.
 - Please enter provisional outturns for 2022-23 based on local data for admissions for falls from April 2022-March 2023.
 - For 2023-24 input planned levels of emergency admissions
 - In both cases this should consist of:
 - emergency admissions due to falls for the year for people aged 65 and over (count)
 - estimated local population (people aged 65 and over)
 - rate per 100,000 (indicator value) (Count/population x 100,000)
 - The latest available data is for 2021-22 which will be refreshed around Q4.
- Further information about this measure and methodology used can be found here:
<https://fingertips.phe.org.uk/profile/public-health-outcomes-framework/data#page/6/gid/1000042/pat/6/par/E12000004/ati/102/are/E06000015/iid/22401/age/27/sex/4>

3. Discharge to normal place of residence.

- Areas should agree ambitions for the percentage of people who are discharged to their normal place of residence following an inpatient stay. In 2022-23, areas were asked to set a planned percentage of discharge to the person's usual place of residence for the year as a whole. In 2023-24 areas should agree a rate for each quarter.
- The ambition should be set for the health and wellbeing board area. The data for this metric is obtained from the Secondary Uses Service (SUS) database and is collected at hospital trust. A breakdown of data from SUS by local authority of residence has been made available on the Better Care Exchange to assist areas to set ambitions.
- Ambitions should be set as the percentage of all discharges where the destination of discharge is the person's usual place of residence.
- Actual performance for each quarter of 2022-23 are pre-populated in the template and will display once the local authority has been selected in the drop down box on the Cover sheet.

4. Residential Admissions:

- This section requires inputting the expected numerator of the measure only.
- Please enter the planned number of council-supported older people (aged 65 and over) whose long-term support needs will be met by a change of setting to residential and nursing care during the year (excluding transfers between residential and nursing care)
- Column H asks for an estimated actual performance against this metric in 2022-23. Data for this metric is not published until October, but local authorities will collect and submit this data as part of their salt returns in July. You should use this data to populate the estimated data in column H.
- The prepopulated denominator of the measure is the size of the older people population in the area (aged 65 and over) taken from Office for National Statistics (ONS) subnational population projections.
- The annual rate is then calculated and populated based on the entered information.

5. Reablement:

- This section requires inputting the information for the numerator and denominator of the measure.
- Please enter the planned denominator figure, which is the planned number of older people discharged from hospital to their own home for rehabilitation (or from hospital to a residential or nursing care home or extra care housing for rehabilitation, with a clear intention that they will move on/back to their own home).
- Please then enter the planned numerator figure, which is the expected number of older people discharged from hospital to their own home for rehabilitation (from within the denominator) that will still be at home 91 days after discharge.
- Column H asks for an estimated actual performance against this metric in 2022-23. Data for this metric is not published until October, but local authorities will collect and submit this data as part of their salt returns in July. You should use this data to populate the estimated data in column H.
- The annual proportion (%) Reablement measure will then be calculated and populated based on this information.

8. Planning Requirements

This sheet requires the Health and Wellbeing Board to confirm whether the National Conditions and other Planning Requirements detailed in the BCF Policy Framework and the BCF Planning Requirements document are met. Please refer to the BCF Policy Framework and BCF Planning Requirements documents for 2023-2025 for further details.

The sheet also sets out where evidence for each Key Line of Enquiry (KLOE) will be taken from.

The KLOEs underpinning the Planning Requirements are also provided for reference as they will be utilised to assure plans by the regional assurance panel.

1. For each Planning Requirement please select 'Yes' or 'No' to confirm whether the requirement is met for the BCF Plan.
2. Where the confirmation selected is 'No', please use the comments boxes to include the actions in place towards meeting the requirement and the target timeframes.



HM Government



Better Care Fund 2023-25 Template

2. Cover

Version 1.1.3

Please Note:

- The BCF planning template is categorised as 'Management Information' and data from them will published in an aggregated form on the NHSE website and gov.uk. This will include any narrative section. Also a reminder that as is usually the case with public body information, all BCF information collected here is subject to Freedom of Information requests.
- At a local level it is for the HWB to decide what information it needs to publish as part of wider local government reporting and transparency requirements. Until BCF information is published, recipients of BCF reporting information (including recipients who access any information placed on the BCE) are prohibited from making this information available on any public domain or providing this information for the purposes of journalism or research without prior consent from the HWB (where it concerns a single HWB) or the BCF national partners for the aggregated information.
- All information will be supplied to BCF partners to inform policy development.
- This template is password protected to ensure data integrity and accurate aggregation of collected information. A resubmission may be required if this is breached.

Health and Wellbeing Board:	Warwickshire	
Completed by:	Becky Hale	
E-mail:	Becky Hale@warwickshire.gov.uk	
Contact number:	01926 742003	
Has this report been signed off by (or on behalf of) the HWB at the time of submission?	No	
If no please indicate when the HWB is expected to sign off the plan:	Wed 19/07/2023	<< Please enter using the format, DD/MM/YYYY

Complete:

Yes
Yes
Yes
Yes
Yes
Yes
Yes

	Role:	Professional Title (e.g. Dr, Cllr, Prof)	First-name:	Surname:	E-mail:
*Area Assurance Contact Details:	Health and Wellbeing Board Chair	Councillor	Margaret	Bell	margaretbell@warwickshire.gov.uk
	Integrated Care Board Chief Executive or person to whom they have delegated sign-off	Chief Officer	Phil	Johns	philip.johns@nhs.net
	Additional ICB(s) contacts if relevant	Chief Finance Officer	Madi	Parmar	madi.parmar@nhs.net
	Local Authority Chief Executive	Chief Executive	Monica	Fogarty	monicafogarty@warwickshire.gov.uk
	Local Authority Director of Adult Social Services (or equivalent)	Strategic Director	Nigel	Minns	nigelminns@warwickshire.gov.uk
	Better Care Fund Lead Official	Chief Commissionin	Becky	Hale	beckyhale@warwickshire.gov.uk

Yes
Yes
Yes
Yes
Yes
Yes

Please add further area contacts that you would wish to be included in official correspondence e.g. housing or trusts that have been part of the process -->

LA Section 151 Officer	Strategic Director	Rob	Powell	robpowell@warwickshire.gov.uk
Leader of the Council	Councillor	Isobel	Seccombe OBE	isobelseccombe@warwickshire.gov.uk

Yes

Question Completion - When all questions have been answered and the validation boxes below have turned green, please send the template to the Better Care Fund Team england.bettercarefundteam@nhs.net saving the file as 'Name HWB' for example 'County Durham HWB'. Please also copy in your Better Care Manager.

Please see the Checklist below for further details on incomplete fields

	Complete:
2. Cover	Yes
4. Capacity&Demand	Yes
5. Income	Yes
6a. Expenditure	No
7. Metrics	Yes
8. Planning Requirements	Yes

[<< Link to the Guidance sheet](#)

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Better Care Fund 2023-25 Template

3. Summary

Selected Health and Wellbeing Board:

Warwickshire

Income & Expenditure

[Income >>](#)

Funding Sources	Income Yr 1	Income Yr 2	Expenditure Yr 1	Expenditure Yr 2	Difference
DFG	£5,124,786	£5,124,786	£5,124,786	£5,124,786	£0
Minimum NHS Contribution	£45,204,245	£47,762,805	£45,204,245	£47,762,805	£0
iBCF	£15,133,281	£15,133,281	£15,133,281	£15,133,281	£0
Additional LA Contribution	£175,938,908	£180,988,215	£175,938,908	£180,988,215	£0
Additional ICB Contribution	£110,543,165	£116,799,909	£110,543,165	£116,799,909	£0
Local Authority Discharge Funding	£2,121,662	£3,536,103	£2,121,662	£3,536,103	£0
ICB Discharge Funding	£3,518,000	£4,666,667	£3,518,000	£4,666,667	£0
Total	£357,584,048	£374,011,766	£357,584,047	£374,011,766	£1

[Expenditure >>](#)

NHS Commissioned Out of Hospital spend from the minimum ICB allocation

	Yr 1	Yr 2
Minimum required spend	£12,897,077	£13,627,052
Planned spend	£29,065,748	£30,710,869

Adult Social Care services spend from the minimum ICB allocations

	Yr 1	Yr 2
Minimum required spend	£16,138,497	£17,051,936
Planned spend	£16,138,497	£17,051,936

[Metrics >>](#)

Avoidable admissions

	2023-24 Q1 Plan	2023-24 Q2 Plan	2023-24 Q3 Plan	2023-24 Q4 Plan
Unplanned hospitalisation for chronic ambulatory care sensitive conditions (Rate per 100,000 population)	150.2	149.4	168.2	143.8

Falls

	2022-23 estimated	2023-24 Plan
Emergency hospital admissions due to falls in people aged 65 and over directly age standardised rate per 100,000.	Indicator value	1,882.0
	Count	2366
	Population	125709

Discharge to normal place of residence

	2023-24 Q1 Plan	2023-24 Q2 Plan	2023-24 Q3 Plan	2023-24 Q4 Plan
Percentage of people, resident in the HWB, who are discharged from acute hospital to their normal place of residence (SUS data - available on the Better Care Exchange)	95.8%	95.8%	95.8%	95.8%

Residential Admissions

		2021-22 Actual	2023-24 Plan
Long-term support needs of older people (age 65 and over) met by admission to residential and nursing care homes, per 100,000 population	Annual Rate	558	706

Reablement

		2023-24 Plan
Proportion of older people (65 and over) who were still at home 91 days after discharge from hospital into reablement / rehabilitation services	Annual (%)	94.2%

[Planning Requirements >>](#)

Theme	Code	Response
NC1: Jointly agreed plan	PR1	Yes
	PR2	Yes
	PR3	Yes
NC2: Social Care Maintenance	PR4	Yes
NC3: NHS commissioned Out of Hospital Services	PR5	Yes
NC4: Implementing the BCF policy objectives	PR6	Yes
Agreed expenditure plan for all elements of the BCF	PR7	Yes
Metrics	PR8	Yes

Better Care Fund 2023-24 Capacity & Demand Template

3. Capacity & Demand

Selected Health and Wellbeing Board:

Warwickshire

Guidance on completing this sheet is set out below, but should be read in conjunction with the guidance in the BCF planning requirements

3.1 Demand - Hospital Discharge

This section requires the Health & Wellbeing Board to record expected monthly demand for supported discharge by discharge pathway. discharges from each trust by Pathway for each month. The template aligns to the pathways in the hospital discharge policy, but separates Pathway 1 (discharge home with new or additional support) into separate estimates of reablement, rehabilitation and short term domiciliary care)

If there are any trusts taking a small percentage of local residents who are admitted to hospital, then please consider aggregating these trusts under a single line using the '**Other**' Trust option.

The table at the top of the screen will display total expected demand for the area by discharge pathway and by month.

Estimated levels of discharge should draw on:

- Estimated numbers of discharges by pathway at ICB level from NHS plans for 2023-24
- Data from the NHSE Discharge Pathways Model.
- Management information from discharge hubs and local authority data on requests for care and assessment.

You should enter the estimated number of discharges requiring each type of support for each month.

3.2 Demand - Community

This section collects expected demand for intermediate care services from community sources, such as multi-disciplinary teams, single points of access or 111. The template does not collect referrals by source, and you should input an overall estimate each month for the number of people requiring intermediate care or short term care (non-discharge) each month, split by different type of intermediate care.

Further detail on definitions is provided in Appendix 2 of the Planning Requirements.

The units can simply be the number of referrals.

3.3 Capacity - Hospital Discharge

This section collects expected capacity for services to support people being discharged from acute hospital. You should input the expected available capacity to support discharge across these different service types:

- Social support (including VCS)
- Reablement at Home
- Rehabilitation at home
- Short term domiciliary care
- Reablement in a bedded setting
- Rehabilitation in a bedded setting
- Short-term residential/nursing care for someone likely to require a longer-term care home placement

Please consider the below factors in determining the capacity calculation. Typically this will be (Caseload*days in month*max occupancy percentage)/average duration of service or length of stay

Caseload (No. of people who can be looked after at any given time)

Average stay (days) - The average length of time that a service is provided to people, or average length of stay in a bedded facility

Please consider using median or mode for LoS where there are significant outliers

Peak Occupancy (percentage) - What was the highest levels of occupancy expressed as a percentage? This will usually apply to residential units, rather than care in a person's own home. For services in a person's own home then this would need to take into account how many people, on average, that can be provided with services.

At the end of each row, you should enter estimates for the percentage of the service in question that is commissioned by the local authority, the ICB and jointly.

3.4 Capacity - Community

This section collects expected capacity for community services. You should input the expected available capacity across the different service types.

You should include expected available capacity across these service types for eligible referrals from community sources. This should cover all service intermediate care services to support recovery, including Urgent Community Response and VCS support. The template is split into 7 types of service:

- Social support (including VCS)
- Urgent Community Response
- Reablement at home
- Rehabilitation at home
- Other short-term social care
- Reablement in a bedded setting
- Rehabilitation in a bedded setting

Please consider the below factors in determining the capacity calculation. Typically this will be (Caseload*days in month*max occupancy percentage)/average duration of service or length of stay

Caseload (No. of people who can be looked after at any given time)

Average stay (days) - The average length of time that a service is provided to people, or average length of stay in a bedded facility

Please consider using median or mode for LoS where there are significant outliers

Peak Occupancy (percentage) - What was the highest levels of occupancy expressed as a percentage? This will usually apply to residential units, rather than care in a person's own home. For services in a person's own home then this would need to

At the end of each row, you should enter estimates for the percentage of the service in question that is commissioned by the local authority, the ICB and jointly.

Virtual wards should not form part of capacity and demand plans because they represent acute, rather than intermediate, care. Where recording a virtual ward as a referral source, please select the relevant trust from the list. Further guidance on all sections is available in Appendix 2 of the BCF Planning Requirements.

<p>Any assumptions made.</p> <p>Please include your considerations and assumptions for Length of Stay and average numbers of hours committed to a homecare package that have been used to derive the number of expected packages.</p>	<p>Expected packages for community services based off previous trend, daily numbers multiplied by days in month. Capacity matches this as capacity derived from demand, which is covered in discharge section.</p> <p>3.1 Demand-Hospital (NHS data limitations)</p> <p>No P0 included as available NHS data doesn't identify voluntary sector.</p> <p>All P1 included in reablement.</p> <p>P2 care home and comm. Reablement in P2</p>
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Complete:	
3.1	Yes
3.2	Yes
3.3	Yes
3.4	Yes

3.1 Demand - Hospital Discharge

!!Click on the filter box below to select Trust first!!

(Select as many as you need)

Demand - Hospital Discharge		Apr-23	May-23	Jun-23	Jul-23	Aug-23	Sep-23	Oct-23	Nov-23	Dec-23	Jan-24	Feb-24	Mar-24
Trust Referral Source	Pathway												
GEORGE ELIOT HOSPITAL NHS TRUST	Social support (including VCS) (pathway 0)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
SOUTH WARWICKSHIRE UNIVERSITY NHS FOUNDATION TRUST		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
UNIVERSITY HOSPITALS COVENTRY AND WARWICKSHIRE NHS TRUST		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
GEORGE ELIOT HOSPITAL NHS TRUST	Reablement at home (pathway 1)	111.635235	119.57526	113.629738	111.29332	111.103367	110.020636	114.256583	114.598497	113.610743	111.749206	107.323307	117.16286
SOUTH WARWICKSHIRE UNIVERSITY NHS FOUNDATION TRUST		347.079366	371.76529	353.280376	346.016336	345.425764	342.059501	355.292264	356.292295	353.221319	347.43371	333.673374	364.265021
UNIVERSITY HOSPITALS COVENTRY AND WARWICKSHIRE NHS TRUST		126.6966	135.707861	128.960194	126.308555	126.092975	124.864167	129.671609	130.059654	128.938636	126.825948	121.802925	132.96999
GEORGE ELIOT HOSPITAL NHS TRUST	Rehabilitation at home (pathway 1)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
SOUTH WARWICKSHIRE UNIVERSITY NHS FOUNDATION TRUST		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
UNIVERSITY HOSPITALS COVENTRY AND WARWICKSHIRE NHS TRUST		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
GEORGE ELIOT HOSPITAL NHS TRUST	Short term domiciliary care (pathway 1)												
SOUTH WARWICKSHIRE UNIVERSITY NHS FOUNDATION TRUST													
UNIVERSITY HOSPITALS COVENTRY AND WARWICKSHIRE NHS TRUST													
GEORGE ELIOT HOSPITAL NHS TRUST	Reablement in a bedded setting (pathway 2)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
SOUTH WARWICKSHIRE UNIVERSITY NHS FOUNDATION TRUST		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
UNIVERSITY HOSPITALS COVENTRY AND WARWICKSHIRE NHS TRUST		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
GEORGE ELIOT HOSPITAL NHS TRUST	Rehabilitation in a bedded setting (pathway 2)	14.5295316	15.5629405	14.78912	14.4850307	14.460308	14.3193886	14.8707049	14.9152057	14.7866477	14.5443652	13.9683263	15.2489622
SOUTH WARWICKSHIRE UNIVERSITY NHS FOUNDATION TRUST		14.2150867	15.2261308	14.4690571	14.1715489	14.1473613	14.0094916	14.5488764	14.5924142	14.4666384	14.2295993	13.6660269	14.9189476
UNIVERSITY HOSPITALS COVENTRY AND WARWICKSHIRE NHS TRUST		49.8920213	53.4405775	50.783405	49.7392126	49.6543189	49.1704249	51.0635542	51.2163628	50.7749156	49.9429575	47.9649345	52.3624276
GEORGE ELIOT HOSPITAL NHS TRUST	Short-term residential/nursing care for someone likely to require a longer-term care home placement (pathway 3)	1.29151392	1.38337249	1.31458844	1.28755829	1.28536071	1.27283455	1.32184043	1.32579607	1.31436868	1.29283246	1.241629	1.35546331
SOUTH WARWICKSHIRE UNIVERSITY NHS FOUNDATION TRUST		0.20404431	0.2185569	0.20768982	0.20341936	0.20307217	0.20109318	0.20883555	0.20946049	0.2076551	0.20425262	0.19616307	0.21414757
UNIVERSITY HOSPITALS COVENTRY AND WARWICKSHIRE NHS TRUST		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Totals	Total:	665.543398	712.879989	677.434169	663.504981	662.372526	655.917537	681.171268	683.209686	677.320923	666.222871	639.836685	698.497819

3.2 Demand - Community

Demand - Intermediate Care		Apr-23	May-23	Jun-23	Jul-23	Aug-23	Sep-23	Oct-23	Nov-23	Dec-23	Jan-24	Feb-24	Mar-24
Service Type													
Social support (including VCS)		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Urgent Community Response		1095	1131	1095	1129	1129	1092	1137	1101	1137	1163	1050	1163
Reablement at home		125.547235	129.732143	125.547235	129.732143	129.732143	125.547235	129.732143	125.547235	129.732143	129.732143	117.177419	129.732143
Rehabilitation at home		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Reablement in a bedded setting		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Rehabilitation in a bedded setting		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Other short-term social care		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0

3.3 Capacity - Hospital Discharge

Capacity - Hospital Discharge		Apr-23	May-23	Jun-23	Jul-23	Aug-23	Sep-23	Oct-23	Nov-23	Dec-23	Jan-24	Feb-24	Mar-24
Service Area	Metric												
Social support (including VCS)	Monthly capacity. Number of new clients.	146	194	163	145	167	160	171	172	158	171	169	153
Reablement at Home	Monthly capacity. Number of new clients.	128	139	130	94	138	109	85	117	132	122	104	104
Rehabilitation at home	Monthly capacity. Number of new clients.	43	134	129	134	134	129	134	129	134	134	125	134
Short term domiciliary care	Monthly capacity. Number of new clients.	414	354	337	356	311	339	380	355	330	330	334	376
Reablement in a bedded setting	Monthly capacity. Number of new clients.	27.147635	28.0525561	27.147635	28.0525561	28.0525561	27.147635	28.0525561	27.147635	36.6703168	47.5622086	42.9594143	47.5622086
Rehabilitation in a bedded setting	Monthly capacity. Number of new clients.	51.1745597	55.840283	52.5738843	50.0297543	49.8964853	50.0417732	52.1087508	53.2535562	43.0378756	30.8399474	32.337574	34.6381141
Short-term residential/nursing care for someone likely to require a longer-term care home placement	Monthly capacity. Number of new clients.	1.49555823	1.60192939	1.52227826	1.49097765	1.48843289	1.47392773	1.53067598	1.53525656	1.52202378	1.49708509	1.43779207	1.56961088

Commissioning responsibility (% of each service type commissioned by LA/ICB or jointly)		
ICB	LA	Joint
	100%	
	100%	
	100%	
		100%
20%	80%	
		100%
100%		

3.4 Capacity - Community

Capacity - Community		Apr-23	May-23	Jun-23	Jul-23	Aug-23	Sep-23	Oct-23	Nov-23	Dec-23	Jan-24	Feb-24	Mar-24
Service Area	Metric												
Social support (including VCS)	Monthly capacity. Number of new clients.	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0

Commissioning responsibility (% of each service type commissioned by LA/ICB or jointly)		
ICB	LA	Joint

Urgent Community Response	Monthly capacity. Number of new clients.	1095	1131	1095	1129	1129	1092	1137	1101	1137	1163	1050	1163
Reablement at Home	Monthly capacity. Number of new clients.	125.547235	129.732143	125.547235	129.732143	129.732143	125.547235	129.732143	125.547235	129.732143	129.732143	117.177419	129.732143
Rehabilitation at home	Monthly capacity. Number of new clients.	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Reablement in a bedded setting	Monthly capacity. Number of new clients.	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Rehabilitation in a bedded setting	Monthly capacity. Number of new clients.	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Other short-term social care	Monthly capacity. Number of new clients.	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0

100%		
	100%	

Better Care Fund 2023-25 Template

4. Income

Selected Health and Wellbeing Board:

Warwickshire

Local Authority Contribution		
	Gross Contribution	Gross Contribution
	Yr 1	Yr 2
Warwickshire	£5,124,786	£5,124,786
DFG breakdown for two-tier areas only (where applicable)		
North Warwickshire	£794,560	£794,560
Nuneaton and Bedworth	£1,652,119	£1,652,119
Rugby	£717,236	£717,236
Stratford-on-Avon	£961,444	£961,444
Warwick	£999,427	£999,427
Total Minimum LA Contribution (exc iBCF)	£5,124,786	£5,124,786

Complete:

Yes

Local Authority Discharge Funding	Contribution Yr 1	Contribution Yr 2
Warwickshire	£2,121,662	£3,536,103

Yes

ICB Discharge Funding	Contribution Yr 1	Contribution Yr 2
NHS Coventry and Warwickshire ICB	£3,518,000	£4,666,667
Total ICB Discharge Fund Contribution	£3,518,000	£4,666,667

Yes

iBCF Contribution	Contribution Yr 1	Contribution Yr 2
Warwickshire	£15,133,281	£15,133,281
Total iBCF Contribution	£15,133,281	£15,133,281

Yes

Are any additional LA Contributions being made in 2023-25? If yes, please detail below	Yes
--	-----

Yes

Local Authority Additional Contribution	Contribution Yr 1	Contribution Yr 2	Comments - Please use this box to clarify any specific uses or sources of funding
Warwickshire	£175,938,908	£180,988,215	Aligned budget in the BCF plan relating to all ASC service
Total Additional Local Authority Contribution	£175,938,908	£180,988,215	

Yes

NHS Minimum Contribution	Contribution Yr 1	Contribution Yr 2
NHS Coventry and Warwickshire ICB	£45,204,245	£47,762,805
Total NHS Minimum Contribution	£45,204,245	£47,762,805

Are any additional ICB Contributions being made in 2023-25? If yes, please detail below	Yes
---	-----

Yes

Additional ICB Contribution	Contribution Yr 1	Contribution Yr 2	Comments - Please use this box clarify any specific uses or sources of funding
NHS Coventry and Warwickshire ICB	£110,543,165	£116,799,909	Aligned out of hospital budget in the BCF plan - NOTE THIS
Total Additional NHS Contribution	£110,543,165	£116,799,909	
Total NHS Contribution	£155,747,410	£164,562,714	

Yes

	2023-24	2024-25
Total BCF Pooled Budget	£357,584,048	£374,011,766

Funding Contributions Comments
Optional for any useful detail e.g. Carry over

Better Care Fund 2023-25 Template

5. Expenditure

Selected Health and Wellbeing Board:

Warwickshire

	2023-24			2024-25		
	Income	Expenditure	Balance	Income	Expenditure	Balance
Running Balances						
DFG	£5,124,786	£5,124,786	£0	£5,124,786	£5,124,786	£0
Minimum NHS Contribution	£45,204,245	£45,204,245	£0	£47,762,805	£47,762,805	£0
IBCF	£15,133,281	£15,133,281	£0	£15,133,281	£15,133,281	£0
Additional LA Contribution	£175,938,908	£175,938,908	£0	£180,988,215	£180,988,215	£0
Additional NHS Contribution	£110,543,165	£110,543,165	£0	£116,799,909	£116,799,909	£0
Local Authority Discharge Funding	£2,121,662	£2,121,662	£0	£3,536,103	£3,536,103	£0
ICB Discharge Funding	£3,518,000	£3,518,000	£0	£4,666,667	£4,666,667	£0
Total	£357,584,048	£357,584,047	£1	£374,011,766	£374,011,766	£0

<< Link to summary sheet

Required Spend

This is in relation to National Conditions 2 and 3 only. It does NOT make up the total Minimum ICB Contribution (on row 33 above).

	2023-24			2024-25		
	Minimum Required Spend	Planned Spend	Under Spend	Minimum Required Spend	Planned Spend	Under Spend
NHS Commissioned Out of Hospital spend from the minimum ICB allocation	£12,897,077	£29,065,748	£0	£13,627,052	£30,710,869	£0
Adult Social Care services spend from the minimum ICB allocations	£16,138,497	£16,138,497	£0	£17,051,936	£17,051,936	£0

Scheme ID	Scheme Name	Brief Description of Scheme	Scheme Type	Sub Types	Please specify if 'Scheme Type' is 'Other'	Expected outputs 2023-24	Expected outputs 2024-25	Units	Planned Expenditure		Commissioner	% NHS (if Joint Commissioner)	% LA (if Joint Commissioner)	Provider	Source of Funding
									Area of Spend	Please specify if 'Area of Spend' is 'other'					
1	Domiciliary Care (base BCF)	Packages of care	Home Care or Domiciliary Care	Domiciliary care packages		381208	381208	Hours of care	Social Care		LA			Private Sector	Minimum NHS Contribution
2	Reablement (base BCF)	Reablement	Home-based intermediate care services	Reablement at home (to support discharge)		1207	1275	Packages	Social Care		LA			Local Authority	Minimum NHS Contribution
3	Integrated Community Equipment (ICE)	Community equipment for social care	Assistive Technologies and Equipment	Community based equipment		4276	4518	Number of beneficiaries	Social Care		LA			Private Sector	Minimum NHS Contribution
4	Moving on Beds (base BCF)	MOB's used primarily for social care and housing related step down	Bed based intermediate Care Services (Reablement, Transfer of Care)	Bed-based intermediate care with rehabilitation (to support discharge)		16	16	Number of Placements	Social Care		LA			Private Sector	Minimum NHS Contribution
5	W-IBCF 1 Hospital Social Care Team	Supporting timely discharges including to care homes	High Impact Change Model for Managing Transfer of Care	Home First/Discharge to Assess - process support/core costs					Social Care		LA			Local Authority	iBCF
6	W-IBCF 2 Housing Hospital Liaison & W-IBCF 9	Housing related support to support early discharge planning and enable	High Impact Change Model for Managing Transfer of Care	Housing and related services					Social Care		LA			Local Authority	iBCF
7	W-IBCF 3 Hospital based Social Prescribing	Access to social prescribing on discharge to support re-admission prevention	Prevention / Early Intervention	Social Prescribing					Social Care		LA			Charity / Voluntary Sector	iBCF
8	W-IBCF 4 - Trusted Assessments	Support for discharges into care homes and exits from intermediate care beds	High Impact Change Model for Managing Transfer of Care	Trusted Assessment					Social Care		LA			Local Authority	iBCF
9	W-IBCF 5 - Domiciliary Care Referral Team	Brokerage of packages of care to enable discharge	High Impact Change Model for Managing Transfer of Care	Multi-Disciplinary/Multi-Agency Discharge Teams supporting discharge					Social Care		LA			Local Authority	iBCF
10	W-IBCF 6 - Hospital to Home Service	Hospital to home, including falls prevention for the vulnerable	Community Based Schemes	Low level support for simple hospital discharges (Discharge to Assess)					Social Care		LA			Local Authority	iBCF
11	W-IBCF 7 - Moving on Beds	Enhanced and additional Moving on Bed capacity	Bed based intermediate Care Services (Reablement, Transfer of Care)	Bed-based intermediate care with rehabilitation (to support discharge)		9	9	Number of Placements	Social Care		LA			Private Sector	iBCF
12	W-IBCF 8 - Integrated Community	Supports same day and urgent delivery cost pressures (health & social care) to	Assistive Technologies and Equipment	Community based equipment		284	284	Number of beneficiaries	Social Care		LA			Private Sector	iBCF
13	W-IBCF 10 - Carers support	Planned and emergency short breaks service, carers support grant, direct payments for	Carers Services	Carer advice and support related to Care Act duties		296	296	Beneficiaries	Social Care		LA			Charity / Voluntary Sector	iBCF

14	W-IBCF 11- Advocacy	Acute based service costs for hospital based advocacy, contribution to maintain	Care Act Implementation Related Duties	Independent Mental Health Advocacy					Social Care		LA			Charity / Voluntary Sector	iBCF
15	W-IBCF 12 Occupational Therapy	Occupational Therapists in the community.	Community Based Schemes	Multidisciplinary teams that are supporting independence, such as					Social Care		LA			Local Authority	iBCF
16	W-IBCF 13 End of Life Rapid Response	End of Life rapid response costs in the community (hospice costs)	Personalised Care at Home	Physical health/wellbeing					Community Health		LA			Charity / Voluntary Sector	iBCF
17	W-IBCF 14 - Falls Prevention	Contribution to falls care-coordination and Multi-Factorial Assessments	Community Based Schemes	Multidisciplinary teams that are supporting independence, such as					Community Health		LA			NHS Community Provider	iBCF
18	W-IBCF 16 - Adults with Autism	Community Outreach Offer supporting Admission Prevention by reducing	Community Based Schemes	Multidisciplinary teams that are supporting independence, such as					Community Health		LA			Local Authority	iBCF
19	W-IBCF 17 - Residential Respite Care	Enables WCC to cease charging based on standard residential care protocols	Carers Services	Respite services		400	400	Beneficiaries	Social Care		LA			Local Authority	iBCF
20	W-IBCF 19 - Protecting older people community	Contributions to: Residential and nursing care fee rates	Residential Placements	Care home		72	72	Number of beds/Placements	Social Care		LA			Private Sector	iBCF
21	W-IBCF 20 - Protecting older people community	Contributions to: Care at Home fee rates	Home Care or Domiciliary Care	Domiciliary care packages		107149	107149	Hours of care	Social Care		LA			Private Sector	iBCF
22	W-IBCF 21 - Protecting NHS budgets through	Contributions to: Extra Care Housing Waking Nights Cover	Home Care or Domiciliary Care	Domiciliary care packages		31085	32018	Hours of care	Social Care		LA			Private Sector	iBCF
23	W-IBCF 22 - Provider Learning and Development	Funds provider (health and social care) support, training and learning and specialist	Enablers for Integration	Workforce development					Community Health		LA			Local Authority	iBCF
24	W-IBCF 25, 27 and 28 - Demand pressures relating	Direct funding contributing towards budget pressures and capacity as a result of	Community Based Schemes	Other	Community social care staffing				Social Care		LA			Local Authority	iBCF
25	W-IBCF 26 - Dementia Support in the community	Dementia days ops, dementia navigators and dementia carer support services	Care Act Implementation Related Duties	Other	Dementia services				Social Care		LA			Private Sector	iBCF
26	W-IBCF 18 & 30 Resources	Resources to support joint commissioning, the BCF Programme and system	Enablers for Integration	Programme management					Social Care		LA			Local Authority	iBCF
27	W-IBCF 23 - Specialist support for providers	OT and quality assurance support to ensure providers access all support available to	Enablers for Integration	Workforce development					Social Care		LA			Local Authority	iBCF
28	Carers Breaks (base BCF)	Carers respite	Carers Services	Respite services		719	760	Beneficiaries	Community Health		NHS			NHS Mental Health Provider	Minimum NHS Contribution
29	Out of hospital - WN, Rugby and SW (base BCF)	OOH community step up and step down support	Personalised Care at Home	Physical health/wellbeing					Community Health		NHS			NHS Community Provider	Minimum NHS Contribution
30	Discharge to Assess Beds - D2A (base BCF)	P2 step down beds	Bed based intermediate Care Services (Reablement, support discharge)	Bed-based intermediate care with rehabilitation (to support discharge)		439	464	Number of Placements	Community Health		NHS			Private Sector	Minimum NHS Contribution
31	Joint Funded Packages (base BCF)	Joint Funded Packages	Home Care or Domiciliary Care	Domiciliary care packages		9827	10129	Hours of care	Continuing Care		NHS			Private Sector	Minimum NHS Contribution
32	Joint Funded Packages - base BCF	Joint Funded Placements	Residential Placements	Short-term residential/nursing care for someone likely to require a					Continuing Care		NHS			Private Sector	Minimum NHS Contribution
33	Joint Funded Packages - base BCF	Joint Funded Placements	Residential Placements	Short-term residential/nursing care for someone likely to require a					Continuing Care		NHS			Private Sector	Minimum NHS Contribution
34	Joint Funded Packages - base BCF	Joint Funded Placements	Residential Placements	Short-term residential/nursing care for someone likely to require a					Continuing Care		NHS			Private Sector	Minimum NHS Contribution
35	Out of Hospital (ICB aligned budgets)	OOH community step up and step down support	Personalised Care at Home	Physical health/wellbeing					Community Health		NHS			NHS Community Provider	Additional NHS Contribution
36	Personal Health budgets (ICB aligned budgets)	PHBs to provide eg. domiciliary care for patients with long term needs	Personalised Budgeting and Commissioning						Continuing Care		NHS			Private Sector	Additional NHS Contribution
37	Residential Care placements (ICB aligned budgets)	Residential care long-term placements	Residential Placements	Short-term residential/nursing care for someone likely to require a					Continuing Care		NHS			Private Sector	Additional NHS Contribution

Further guidance for completing Expenditure sheet

Schemes tagged with the following will count towards the planned **Adult Social Care services spend** from the NHS min:

- **Area of spend** selected as 'Social Care'
- **Source of funding** selected as 'Minimum NHS Contribution'

Schemes tagged with the below will count towards the planned **Out of Hospital spend** from the NHS min:

- **Area of spend** selected with anything except 'Acute'
- **Commissioner** selected as 'ICB' (if 'Joint' is selected, only the NHS % will contribute)
- **Source of funding** selected as 'Minimum NHS Contribution'

2023-25 Revised Scheme types

Number	Scheme type/ services	Sub type	Description
1	Assistive Technologies and Equipment	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Assistive technologies including telecare 2. Digital participation services 3. Community based equipment 4. Other 	Using technology in care processes to supportive self-management, maintenance of independence and more efficient and effective delivery of care. (eg. Telecare, Wellness services, Community based equipment, Digital participation services).
2	Care Act Implementation Related Duties	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Independent Mental Health Advocacy 2. Safeguarding 3. Other 	Funding planned towards the implementation of Care Act related duties. The specific scheme sub types reflect specific duties that are funded via the NHS minimum contribution to the BCF.
3	Carers Services	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Respite Services 2. Carer advice and support related to Care Act duties 3. Other 	Supporting people to sustain their role as carers and reduce the likelihood of crisis. This might include respite care/carers breaks, information, assessment, emotional and physical support, training, access to services to support wellbeing and improve independence.
4	Community Based Schemes	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Integrated neighbourhood services 2. Multidisciplinary teams that are supporting independence, such as anticipatory care 3. Low level social support for simple hospital discharges (Discharge to Assess pathway 0) 4. Other 	Schemes that are based in the community and constitute a range of cross sector practitioners delivering collaborative services in the community typically at a neighbourhood/PCN level (eg: Integrated Neighbourhood Teams) Reablement services should be recorded under the specific scheme type 'Reablement in a person's own home'
5	DFG Related Schemes	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Adaptations, including statutory DFG grants 2. Discretionary use of DFG 3. Handyperson services 4. Other 	The DFG is a means-tested capital grant to help meet the costs of adapting a property; supporting people to stay independent in their own homes. The grant can also be used to fund discretionary, capital spend to support people to remain independent in their own homes under a Regulatory Reform Order, if a published policy on doing so is in place. Schemes using this flexibility can be recorded under 'discretionary use of DFG' or 'handyperson services' as appropriate

6	Enablers for Integration	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Data Integration 2. System IT Interoperability 3. Programme management 4. Research and evaluation 5. Workforce development 6. New governance arrangements 7. Voluntary Sector Business Development 8. Joint commissioning infrastructure 9. Integrated models of provision 10. Other 	<p>Schemes that build and develop the enabling foundations of health, social care and housing integration, encompassing a wide range of potential areas including technology, workforce, market development (Voluntary Sector Business Development: Funding the business development and preparedness of local voluntary sector into provider Alliances/ Collaboratives) and programme management related schemes.</p> <p>Joint commissioning infrastructure includes any personnel or teams that enable joint commissioning. Schemes could be focused on Data Integration, System IT Interoperability, Programme management, Research and evaluation, Supporting the Care Market, Workforce development, Community asset mapping, New governance arrangements, Voluntary Sector Development, Employment services, Joint commissioning infrastructure amongst others.</p>
7	High Impact Change Model for Managing Transfer of Care	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Early Discharge Planning 2. Monitoring and responding to system demand and capacity 3. Multi-Disciplinary/Multi-Agency Discharge Teams supporting discharge 4. Home First/Discharge to Assess - process support/core costs 5. Flexible working patterns (including 7 day working) 6. Trusted Assessment 7. Engagement and Choice 8. Improved discharge to Care Homes 9. Housing and related services 10. Red Bag scheme 11. Other 	<p>The eight changes or approaches identified as having a high impact on supporting timely and effective discharge through joint working across the social and health system. The Hospital to Home Transfer Protocol or the 'Red Bag' scheme, while not in the HICM, is included in this section.</p>
8	Home Care or Domiciliary Care	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Domiciliary care packages 2. Domiciliary care to support hospital discharge (Discharge to Assess pathway 1) 3. Short term domiciliary care (without reablement input) 4. Domiciliary care workforce development 5. Other 	<p>A range of services that aim to help people live in their own homes through the provision of domiciliary care including personal care, domestic tasks, shopping, home maintenance and social activities. Home care can link with other services in the community, such as supported housing, community health services and voluntary sector services.</p>
9	Housing Related Schemes		<p>This covers expenditure on housing and housing-related services other than adaptations; eg: supported housing units.</p>

10	Integrated Care Planning and Navigation	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Care navigation and planning 2. Assessment teams/joint assessment 3. Support for implementation of anticipatory care 4. Other 	<p>Care navigation services help people find their way to appropriate services and support and consequently support self-management. Also, the assistance offered to people in navigating through the complex health and social care systems (across primary care, community and voluntary services and social care) to overcome barriers in accessing the most appropriate care and support. Multi-agency teams typically provide these services which can be online or face to face care navigators for frail elderly, or dementia navigators etc. This includes approaches such as Anticipatory Care, which aims to provide holistic, co-ordinated care for complex individuals.</p> <p>Integrated care planning constitutes a co-ordinated, person centred and proactive case management approach to conduct joint assessments of care needs and develop integrated care plans typically carried out by professionals as part of a multi-disciplinary, multi-agency teams.</p> <p>Note: For Multi-Disciplinary Discharge Teams related specifically to discharge, please select HICM as scheme type and the relevant sub-type. Where the planned unit of care delivery and funding is in the form of Integrated care packages and needs to be expressed in such a manner, please select the appropriate sub-type alongside.</p>
11	Bed based intermediate Care Services (Reablement, rehabilitation in a bedded setting, wider short-term services supporting recovery)	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Bed-based intermediate care with rehabilitation (to support discharge) 2. Bed-based intermediate care with reablement (to support discharge) 3. Bed-based intermediate care with rehabilitation (to support admission avoidance) 4. Bed-based intermediate care with reablement (to support admissions avoidance) 5. Bed-based intermediate care with rehabilitation accepting step up and step down users 6. Bed-based intermediate care with reablement accepting step up and step down users 7. Other 	<p>Short-term intervention to preserve the independence of people who might otherwise face unnecessarily prolonged hospital stays or avoidable admission to hospital or residential care. The care is person-centred and often delivered by a combination of professional groups.</p>
12	Home-based intermediate care services	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Reablement at home (to support discharge) 2. Reablement at home (to prevent admission to hospital or residential care) 3. Reablement at home (accepting step up and step down users) 4. Rehabilitation at home (to support discharge) 5. Rehabilitation at home (to prevent admission to hospital or residential care) 6. Rehabilitation at home (accepting step up and step down users) 7. Joint reablement and rehabilitation service (to support discharge) 8. Joint reablement and rehabilitation service (to prevent admission to hospital or residential care) 9. Joint reablement and rehabilitation service (accepting step up and step down users) 10. Other 	<p>Provides support in your own home to improve your confidence and ability to live as independently as possible</p>
13	Urgent Community Response		<p>Urgent community response teams provide urgent care to people in their homes which helps to avoid hospital admissions and enable people to live independently for longer. Through these teams, older people and adults with complex health needs who urgently need care, can get fast access to a range of health and social care professionals within two hours.</p>
14	Personalised Budgeting and Commissioning		<p>Various person centred approaches to commissioning and budgeting, including direct payments.</p>

15	Personalised Care at Home	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Mental health /wellbeing 2. Physical health/wellbeing 3. Other 	Schemes specifically designed to ensure that a person can continue to live at home, through the provision of health related support at home often complemented with support for home care needs or mental health needs. This could include promoting self-management/expert patient, establishment of 'home ward' for intensive period or to deliver support over the longer term to maintain independence or offer end of life care for people. Intermediate care services provide shorter term support and care interventions as opposed to the ongoing support provided in this scheme type.
16	Prevention / Early Intervention	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Social Prescribing 2. Risk Stratification 3. Choice Policy 4. Other 	Services or schemes where the population or identified high-risk groups are empowered and activated to live well in the holistic sense thereby helping prevent people from entering the care system in the first place. These are essentially upstream prevention initiatives to promote independence and well being.
17	Residential Placements	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Supported housing 2. Learning disability 3. Extra care 4. Care home 5. Nursing home 6. Short-term residential/nursing care for someone likely to require a longer-term care home replacement 7. Short term residential care (without rehabilitation or reablement input) 8. Other 	Residential placements provide accommodation for people with learning or physical disabilities, mental health difficulties or with sight or hearing loss, who need more intensive or specialised support than can be provided at home.
18	Workforce recruitment and retention	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Improve retention of existing workforce 2. Local recruitment initiatives 3. Increase hours worked by existing workforce 4. Additional or redeployed capacity from current care workers 5. Other 	These scheme types were introduced in planning for the 22-23 AS Discharge Fund. Use these scheme descriptors where funding is used for incentives or activity to recruit and retain staff or to incentivise staff to increase the number of hours they work.
19	Other		Where the scheme is not adequately represented by the above scheme types, please outline the objectives and services planned for the scheme in a short description in the comments column.

Scheme type	Units
Assistive Technologies and Equipment	Number of beneficiaries
Home Care and Domiciliary Care	Hours of care (Unless short-term in which case it is packages)
Bed Based Intermediate Care Services	Number of placements
Home Based Intermediate Care Services	Packages
Residential Placements	Number of beds/placements
DFG Related Schemes	Number of adaptations funded/people supported
Workforce Recruitment and Retention	WTE's gained
Carers Services	Beneficiaries

Better Care Fund 2023-25 Template

6. Metrics for 2023-24

Selected Health and Wellbeing Board:

Warwickshire

8.1 Avoidable admissions

*Q4 Actual not available at time of publication

		2022-23 Q1 Actual	2022-23 Q2 Actual	2022-23 Q3 Actual	2022-23 Q4 Plan	Rationale for how ambition was set	Local plan to meet ambition
Indirectly standardised rate (ISR) of admissions per 100,000 population (See Guidance)	Indicator value	176.4	175.6	194.4	170.0	Current rank of 70th of 152 LA's. Ambition set to move to upper quartile.	The 2023-25 plan includes a range of admission prevention activities including increased UCR capacity, enhanced health interventions and support for care homes and the introduction of proactive care workstream. Falls interventions are outlined below.
	Number of Admissions	1,231	1,226	1,357	-		
	Population	577,933	577,933	577,933	577,933		
	2023-24 Q1 Plan	150.2	149.4	168.2	143.8		
	Indicator value	150.2	149.4	168.2	143.8		

Complete:

Yes

Yes

[>> link to NHS Digital webpage \(for more detailed guidance\)](#)

8.2 Falls

		2021-22 Actual	2022-23 estimated	2023-24 Plan	Rationale for ambition	Local plan to meet ambition
Emergency hospital admissions due to falls in people aged 65 and over directly age standardised rate per 100,000.	Indicator value	2,002.9	1,882.0	1,865.0	21-22 rank of 61 of 152 LAs. Ambition to move to upper quartile.	Initiatives planned in 2023-25 include: Falls assist from floor pilot in WN Place, now rolled out countywide; Falls response vehicles; management of falls advice to care homes; improved links with falls alarms; falls pick up service and emergency rising cushions implemented within UCR to divert from ambulances where there are
	Count	2,540	2366	2381		
	Population	123,463	125709	127644		

Yes

Yes

Yes

[Public Health Outcomes Framework - Data - OHID \(phe.org.uk\)](#)

8.3 Discharge to usual place of residence

*Q4 Actual not available at time of publication

		2022-23 Q1 Actual	2022-23 Q2 Actual	2022-23 Q3 Actual	2021-22 Q4 Plan	Rationale for how ambition was set	Local plan to meet ambition
Percentage of people, resident in the HWB, who are discharged from acute hospital to their normal place of residence	Quarter (%)	95.8%	95.6%	95.4%	95.5%	Warwickshire already in upper quartile of LA's therefore maintenance at the rate of the best quarter in the year as a stretch target.	Discharge funding will be used to develop the Community Recovery Service which aims to return people to their place of residence via therapeutic intermediate care within 24 hours of no longer meeting the criteria to reside. Continued investment in dom care community
	Numerator	12,278	12,382	12,280	11,908		
	Denominator	12,813	12,946	12,875	12,464		
	2023-24 Q1 Plan						
	Indicator value						

Yes

(SUS data - available on the Better Care Exchange)	Quarter (%)	95.8%	95.8%	95.8%	95.8%	Investment in domestic, community equipment and reablement services support this metric.
	Numerator	12,361	12,489	12,421	12,024	
	Denominator	12,903	13,037	12,965	12,551	

Yes
Yes

8.4 Residential Admissions

		2021-22 Actual	2022-23 Plan	2022-23 estimated	2023-24 Plan	Rationale for how ambition was set	Local plan to meet ambition
Long-term support needs of older people (age 65 and over) met by admission to residential and nursing care homes, per 100,000 population	Annual Rate	558.4	620.5	716.7	705.9	During 2022/23, admissions to residential and nursing homes are returning to pre-pandemic levels. Ambition is to maintain 2022/23 performance in 2023/24.	2023-25 plans include initiatives to facilitate people living independently at home including further develop intermediate care pathways, review out of hospital services and re-commission community equipment and long term dom
	Numerator	677	780	901	901		
	Denominator	121,235	125,709	125,709	127,644		

Yes
Yes

Long-term support needs of older people (age 65 and over) met by admission to residential and nursing care homes, per 100,000 population (aged 65+) population projections are based on a calendar year using the 2018 based Sub-National Population Projections for Local Authorities in England:
<https://www.ons.gov.uk/releases/subnationalpopulationprojectionsforengland2018based>

8.5 Reablement

		2021-22 Actual	2022-23 Plan	2022-23 estimated	2023-24 Plan	Rationale for how ambition was set	Local plan to meet ambition
Proportion of older people (65 and over) who were still at home 91 days after discharge from hospital into reablement / rehabilitation services	Annual (%)	95.7%	94.2%	94.2%	94.2%	Aim to maintain current good performance against this metric.	The introduction of Community Recovery Service in pathway 1 through the use of discharge funding will reduce the pressure on the reablement service to support hospital discharges, releasing capacity to focus on preventative activity.
	Numerator	352	291	291	291		
	Denominator	368	309	309	309		

Yes
Yes
Yes

Please note that due to the demerging of Cumbria information from previous years will not reflect the present geographies.

As such, the following adjustments have been made for the pre-populated figures above:

- Actuals and plans for Cumberland and Westmorland and Furness are using the Cumbria combined figure for all metrics since a split was not available; Please use comments box to advise.
- 2022-23 and 2023-24 population projections (i.e. the denominator for **Residential Admissions**) have been calculated from a ratio based on the 2021-22 estimates.

Better Care Fund 2023-25 Template

7. Confirmation of Planning Requirements

Selected Health and Wellbeing Board:

Warwickshire

	Code	Planning Requirement	Key considerations for meeting the planning requirement These are the Key Lines of Enquiry (KLOEs) underpinning the Planning Requirements (PR)	Confirmed through	Please confirm whether your BCF plan meets the Planning Requirement?	Please note any supporting documents referred to and relevant page numbers to assist the assurers	Where the Planning requirement is not met, please note the actions in place towards meeting the requirement	Where the Planning requirement is not met, please note the anticipated timeframe for meeting it
NC1: Jointly agreed plan	PR1	A jointly developed and agreed plan that all parties sign up to	<p>Has a plan, jointly developed and agreed between all partners from ICB(s) in accordance with ICB governance rules, and the LA, been submitted? <i>Paragraph 11</i></p> <p>Has the HWB approved the plan/delegated approval? <i>Paragraph 11</i></p> <p>Have local partners, including providers, VCS representatives and local authority service leads (including housing and DFG leads) been involved in the development of the plan? <i>Paragraph 11</i></p> <p>Where the narrative section of the plan has been agreed across more than one HWB, have individual income, expenditure and metric sections of the plan been submitted for each HWB concerned?</p> <p>Have all elements of the Planning template been completed? <i>Paragraph 12</i></p>	<p>Expenditure plan</p> <p>Expenditure plan</p> <p>Narrative plan</p> <p>Validation of submitted plans</p> <p>Expenditure plan, narrative plan</p>	Yes	Narrative Plan pages 2-4		
	PR2	A clear narrative for the integration of health, social care and housing	<p>Is there a narrative plan for the HWB that describes the approach to delivering integrated health and social care that describes:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • How the area will continue to implement a joined-up approach to integration of health, social care and housing services including DFG to support further improvement of outcomes for people with care and support needs <i>Paragraph 13</i> • The approach to joint commissioning <i>Paragraph 13</i> • How the plan will contribute to reducing health inequalities and disparities for the local population, taking account of people with protected characteristics? This should include <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - How equality impacts of the local BCF plan have been considered <i>Paragraph 14</i> - Changes to local priorities related to health inequality and equality and how activities in the document will address these. <i>Paragraph 14</i> <p>The area will need to also take into account Priorities and Operational Guidelines regarding health inequalities, as well as local authorities' priorities under the Equality Act and NHS actions in line with Core20PLUS5. <i>Paragraph 15</i></p>	Narrative plan	Yes	<p>Pages 6&7, 12 & 13, 19 and 25-27</p> <p>Pages 10 & 11</p> <p>Pages 17-21</p> <p>Pages 13-17</p>		
	PR3	A strategic, joined up plan for Disabled Facilities Grant (DFG) spending	<p>Is there confirmation that use of DFG has been agreed with housing authorities? <i>Paragraph 33</i></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Does the narrative set out a strategic approach to using housing support, including DFG funding that supports independence at home? <i>Paragraph 33</i> • In two tier areas, has: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Agreement been reached on the amount of DFG funding to be passed to district councils to cover statutory DFG? or - The funding been passed in its entirety to district councils? <i>Paragraph 34</i> 	<p>Expenditure plan</p> <p>Narrative plan</p> <p>Expenditure plan</p>	Yes	Pages 25 to 27.		
NC2: Implementing BCF Policy Objective 1: Enabling people to stay well, safe and independent at home for longer	PR4	A demonstration of how the services the area commissions will support people to remain independent for longer, and where possible support them to remain in their own home	<p>Does the plan include an approach to support improvement against BCF objective 1? <i>Paragraph 16</i></p> <p>Does the expenditure plan detail how expenditure from BCF sources supports prevention and improvement against this objective? <i>Paragraph 19</i></p> <p>Does the narrative plan provide an overview of how overall spend supports improvement against this objective? <i>Paragraph 19</i></p> <p>Has the intermediate care capacity and demand planning section of the plan been used to ensure improved performance against this objective and has the narrative plan incorporated learnings from this exercise? <i>Paragraph 66</i></p>	<p>Narrative plan</p> <p>Expenditure plan</p> <p>Narrative plan</p> <p>Expenditure plan, narrative plan</p>	Yes	<p>Pages 20-23.</p> <p>Pages 23-24.</p>		
Additional discharge funding	PR5	An agreement between ICBs and relevant Local Authorities on how the additional funding to support discharge will be allocated for ASC and community-based reablement capacity to reduce delayed discharges and improve outcomes.	<p>Have all partners agreed on how all of the additional discharge funding will be allocated to achieve the greatest impact in terms of reducing delayed discharges? <i>Paragraph 41</i></p> <p>Does the plan indicate how the area has used the discharge funding, particularly in the relation to National Condition 3 (see below), and in conjunction with wider funding to build additional social care and community-based reablement capacity, maximise the number of hospital beds freed up and deliver sustainable improvement for patients? <i>Paragraph 41</i></p> <p>Does the plan take account of the area's capacity and demand work to identify likely variation in levels of demand over the course of the year and build the workforce capacity needed for additional services? <i>Paragraph 44</i></p> <p>Has the area been identified as an area of concern in relation to discharge performance, relating to the 'Delivery plan for recovering urgent and emergency services?' If so, have their plans adhered to the additional conditions placed on them relating to performance improvement? <i>Paragraph 51</i></p> <p>Is the plan for spending the additional discharge grant in line with grant conditions?</p>	<p>Expenditure plan</p> <p>Narrative and Expenditure plans</p> <p>Narrative plan</p> <p>Narrative and Expenditure plans</p>	Yes	<p>Pages 27-31</p> <p>Pages 21-30</p> <p>Warwickshire is not an area of concern. Details of Urgent Care Development and Urgent Community Response are though detailed on pages 18 & 21.</p>		

Complete:

Yes

Yes

Yes

Yes

Yes

<p>NC3: Implementing BCF Policy Objective 2: Providing the right care in the right place at the right time</p>	<p>PR6</p>	<p>A demonstration of how the services the area commissions will support provision of the right care in the right place at the right time</p>	<p>Does the plan include an approach to how services the area commissions will support people to receive the right care in the right place at the right time? <i>Paragraph 21</i></p> <p>Does the expenditure plan detail how expenditure from BCF sources supports improvement against this objective? <i>Paragraph 22</i></p> <p>Does the narrative plan provide an overview of how overall spend supports improvement against this metric and how estimates of capacity and demand have been taken on board (including gaps) and reflected in the wider BCF plans? <i>Paragraph 24</i></p> <p>Has the intermediate care capacity and demand planning section of the plan been used to ensure improved performance against this objective and has the narrative plan incorporated learnings from this exercise? <i>Paragraph 66</i></p> <p>Has the area reviewed their assessment of progress against the High Impact Change Model for Managing Transfers of care and summarised progress against areas for improvement identified in 2022-23? <i>Paragraph 23</i></p>	<p>Narrative plan</p> <p>Expenditure plan</p> <p>Narrative plan</p> <p>Expenditure plan, narrative plan</p> <p>Expenditure plan</p> <p>Narrative plan</p>	<p>Yes</p>	<p>Pages 7 and 27</p> <p>Pages 23&24</p> <p>Intermediate care capacity - pages 23&24 and 32 - 34</p> <p>HICM self-assessment on Pages 29&30</p>		
<p>NC4: Maintaining NHS's contribution to adult social care and investment in NHS commissioned out of hospital services</p>	<p>PR7</p>	<p>A demonstration of how the area will maintain the level of spending on social care services from the NHS minimum contribution to the fund in line with the uplift to the overall contribution</p>	<p>Does the total spend from the NHS minimum contribution on social care match or exceed the minimum required contribution? <i>Paragraphs 52-55</i></p>	<p>Auto-validated on the expenditure plan</p>	<p>Yes</p>			

Yes

Yes

Agreed expenditure plan for all elements of the BCF	PR8	<p>Is there a confirmation that the components of the Better Care Fund pool that are earmarked for a purpose are being planned to be used for that purpose?</p>	<p>Do expenditure plans for each element of the BCF pool match the funding inputs? <i>Paragraph 12</i></p> <p>Has the area included estimated amounts of activity that will be delivered, funded through BCF funded schemes, and outlined the metrics that these schemes support? <i>Paragraph 12</i></p> <p>Has the area indicated the percentage of overall spend, where appropriate, that constitutes BCF spend? <i>Paragraph 73</i></p> <p>Is there confirmation that the use of grant funding is in line with the relevant grant conditions? <i>Paragraphs 25 – 51</i></p> <p>Has an agreed amount from the ICB allocation(s) of discharge funding been agreed and entered into the income sheet? <i>Paragraph 41</i></p> <p>Has the area included a description of how they will work with services and use BCF funding to support unpaid carers? <i>Paragraph 13</i></p> <p>Has funding for the following from the NHS contribution been identified for the area:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Implementation of Care Act duties? - Funding dedicated to carer-specific support? - Reablement? <i>Paragraph 12</i> 	<p>Auto-validated in the expenditure plan</p> <p>Expenditure plan</p> <p>Expenditure plan</p> <p>Expenditure plan</p> <p>Expenditure plan</p> <p>Narrative plans, expenditure plan</p> <p>Expenditure plan</p>	Yes	<p>Un-paid Carers - Pages 24-25</p> <p>Care Act - Page 24</p> <p>Reablement - 17,23 & 24</p>		
Metrics	PR9	<p>Does the plan set stretching metrics and are there clear and ambitious plans for delivering these?</p>	<p>Have stretching ambitions been agreed locally for all BCF metrics based on:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - current performance (from locally derived and published data) - local priorities, expected demand and capacity - planned (particularly BCF funded) services and changes to locally delivered services based on performance to date? <i>Paragraph 59</i> <p>Is there a clear narrative for each metric setting out:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - supporting rationales for the ambition set, - plans for achieving these ambitions, and - how BCF funded services will support this? <i>Paragraph 57</i> 	<p>Expenditure plan</p> <p>Expenditure plan</p>	Yes	Also refer to Page 28		

Yes

Yes